

The Oxford County Citizen.

VOLUME XXIX—NUMBER 40.

BETHEL, MAINE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1924.

4 Cents Per Copy—\$2.00 Per Year

GOULD'S TRAMPLES OVER THORNTON

Last Saturday evening the Gould's boys trampled Thornton Academy to the tune of 51 to 24. Gould's got the jump on the visitors and held a comfortable lead throughout the game.

Capt. "Mad" Berry played a remarkable game of team work and led his team with six floor goals. W. Berry laid in 12 fouls. Goddard, Keniston and P. Swan played a fine game adding greatly to the work of the Gould's boys. Gould's had 18 fouls called on them to Thornton's 10.

Coach Mapes of Thornton considers Gould's the best team that he has ever played this season.

GOULD'S

	G	P	Points
W. Berry, rf.	4	12	20
Thurston, lf.	0	0	0
Goddard, lf.	2	7	11
M. Berry, c.	6	5	17
E. Swan, c.	0	0	0
C. Swan, rg.	0	0	0
Keniston, lg.	1	1	3
Sweeney, lg.	0	0	0
Totals	13	25	51

THORNTON

	G	P	Points
Neal, rf.	2	3	7
Worthington, lf.	2	0	4
Hansen, rf.	1	2	4
Lavallee, lf.	1	0	2
Barnes, c.	0	1	1
Courtis, rg.	0	0	0
Plakham, rg.	2	0	4
Abbott, lg.	1	0	2
Brownlee, lg.	0	0	0
Chadbourne, lg.	0	0	0
Totals	9	6	24

Time—10 a. Referee, Bartlett, Timmer, H. Mason. Scorers, Brainer and Mapes.

Gould's will play Gorham Normal School in the William Bingham Gymnasium, Saturday, March 1st. This is the last home game of the season scheduled for the Gould's boys, and also undoubtedly the hardest game yet for the boys to handle. Gorham Normal has already trampled Westbrook High twice and has included many of the leading teams in Western Maine in its string of victories for the season. Gould's won from Gorham Normal at Gorham in the last second of play the score being 23 to 22. The Gorham quintet is out for revenge and Bethel fans will have the opportunity of seeing two of the fastest and cleanest playing teams of the State in action Saturday night.

The Gould's boys have developed remarkable skill in hitting the basket. Goddard and the Berry brothers being especially proficient in this art; while Keniston and Swan are a combination of guards that have given the leading teams of Maine and New Hampshire a great deal to think about during the season. With Mad Berry just getting into his regular form on team work and the remarkable recent development of the entire team as a whole it would seem that Gould's is capable of giving the Gorham boys their money's worth. Season tickets may be used for this game.

BUDGET COMMITTEE REPORT

At its meeting last Saturday afternoon the town Budget Committee advised the following appropriations:

Common schools	410,000.00
Secondary schools	5,000.00
Text-books	350.00
Repairs for schoolhouses	1,500.00
Supplies for schools	330.00
Roads and bridges	8,000.00
Winter roads	1,500.00
State aid road	668.00
Maintenance and patrol	910.00
Miles road	400.00
Support of poor	1,500.00
Town officers	2,000.00
Town debt and interest	1,438.00
Memorial Day	30.00
Collector's bond	12.00
Treasurer's bond	30.00
Public Library	400.00
National Guard rent	225.00
Miscellaneous	500.00
Sunday River road repairs	500.00

RECITAL AND DANCE

The pupils of Miss Norris, who has been conducting dancing classes at Grange Hall for the past few weeks, will give a recital and dance at Odessa Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 29, at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents plus war tax. The following program will be presented:

1—Fox Trot, Miss Norris
2—1924 Fox Trot, Miss Norris
3—Sokolowsky Waltzes, Miss Norris
4—Lousie Hayden, Emily Randall
5—Exhibition Dances, Miss Norris
6—Tango Fox Trot, Miss Norris
7—Gracie Van, Edward Carlson
8—Waltz, Miss Norris
9—Dorothy Edwards, Herbert Rene
10—Egyptian Ballet, Emily Randall
11—A Lady Picking Mushrooms, Miss Norris
12—New Dances, Miss Norris

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

There will be a Democratic caucus held immediately following Town Meeting in the Schoolmen's office next Monday.

To the Voters of Bethel:
I am a candidate for tax collector at the coming March meeting, and ask respectfully your support.
KARL J. STRANGE

THE J. E. JONES LETTER

PLUNDERING UNCLE SAM

When Edward L. Doherty concluded his little deal with former Secretary of the Interior Albert Fall, he boasted that he would make \$100,000,000 out of his oil leases. Doherty admitted this boast before the Senate investigating committee, but explained that some of his friends disagreed with him at the time and told him that "he had picked a lemon."

In the last principal scandal, previous to this one, involving the alleged plunder of Uncle Sam the Guggenheim interests were accused of "robbing Alaska." Secretary Ballinger was driven from office, and his reputation at the finish was not a great deal better than Fall's.

Is both instances the public rights used for private exploitation involved underground riches—oil, coal and minerals. Just what the Guggenheims might have developed in Alaska if their plans had been carried through, is problematical. A great many people believe that Alaska's greatest misfortune was the withdrawal of the Guggenheims.

No one is going to arise to agree that the Doherty and Sinclair prize packages contained lemons.

THE N. P. LAND GRANT

Another chapter in the story of the alleged plundering of Uncle Sam concerns the demand of the United States Service to prevent the Northern Pacific Railroad Company from acquiring an additional three million acres of public lands, claimed under its original land grants.

The building of the transcontinental railroads was so hazardous an undertaking that the early Congresses thought they were "handing a lemon" to the railroad interests when they voted them millions of acres of lands as an inducement to penetrate the mysterious Western country. These early railroad empire builders laid their tracks for two thousand miles, starting at hope and ending at dreamland. In each case the Government voted a land grant, and the millions of acres of land had no value at the time they were turned over to the railroads. The Government proved its sense of humor when it restricted the railroads to keep the price of these lands under \$2.50 an acre.

The Forest Service says that the Northern Pacific spent \$70,000,000 in constructing its railroad. If American financiers at the time this road was built had not been the most dare-devil plunders in all history seventy millions of dollars could never have been gotten together for the rash undertaking. But it was accumulated, and the railroad made the country, and the country made the railroad. The transcontinental railroad builders discovered the great West and civilization settled along the railroad tracks. The Forest Service claims that the Northern Pacific has received more than \$130,000,000 from the sale of the lands from its Government grants, or nearly twice as much as it cost to build the railroad. There is no mention of the fact that this vast land value would never have existed except for the railroad. While the figures show a very fine profit for the railroad, even with all taxes and charges taken off, still it is a mere bagatelle of wealth as compared to private operations in cities that have profited by the building of this railroad. St. Paul, Minneapolis, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, and all the great Northwestern States, are among the beneficiaries.

Nevertheless, there may be a substantial reason for the claim of the Forest Service.

(Continued on page 5)

GOULD'S ACADEMY

SECOND ANNUAL Y. M. C. A. WINTER CARNIVAL

On Friday, Feb. 22, the Y. M. C. A. conducted a most successful winter carnival. Although the day was exceedingly cold large crowds were present to witness the events. Features of the carnival were the ski-jumping, the ski jumping, and the class snow-shoe relay.

The ski-jumping was the first event and was won by John Twaddle and Gilbert Brown, with practically no competition. The ski jumping was witnessed by a large audience. Jorgan and Ole Olson of Newry gave a splendid exhibition in both form and distance, taking first and second places, respectively, in the first class. Edward Brown of the Nausen Ski Club of Berlin, N. H., won first place in the second class, with Cash Daniels second.

The class relay was attended by much enthusiasm. This was won easily by the Juniors who were given permanent possession of the silver loving cup offered.

The first three places in the snow-shoe dash were separated by split seconds.

SUMMARY

Ski-jumping, won by Twaddle and Brown.

Snow-shoe dash (boys) 100 yds., R. Sessions, K. Stanley, F. Curtis, 25 sec.

Snow-shoe dash (girls) 75 yds., E. Mason, E. Haselton, 20 1/2 sec.

Ski dash (boys) 150 yds., Richard Holmes, C. Haselton, Garard Eames, 46 1/2 sec.

Snow-shoe obstacle race (girls), D. Burbank, D. Goodnow.

Long distance snow-shoe race, R. Chase, G. York, P. Philbrick.

Long distance ski race, P. Clough, W. Bean, R. Holmes.

Ski slide (girls), Hazel Kimball, Elizabeth Beckner, Florence Coburn.

Ski jumping, 1st class, J. Olson, O. Olson, 47 1/2 ft. 2nd class, Edward Brown, Cash Daniels.

Snow-shoe obstacle race (boys), P. Philbrick, C. York.

Class relay won by Juniors (Box Sessions, Robley Chase, Edward Chase, Richard Holmes). Time, 1 min., 25 sec.

In the evening the Y. M. C. A. presented a one-act comedy, "At the Movies," with an all male cast. A large crowd was in attendance. Taylor Clough as Mrs. Griggs, and Charles Haselton as the Man in the White Seat, kept the audience in an uproar. The cast was as follows:

The man in the white seat, Charles Haselton.

Mr. Griggs, a business man, Freddie Philbrick.

Mrs. Griggs, a movie fiend, Taylor Clough.

Clarice, a flapper, Arthur Jordan.

Nell, her country cousin, Freddie Clark.

Following the play Mr. F. E. Hanson, Principal of the Academy, presented the awards, after which the remainder of the evening was devoted to dancing, bridge, whist, and Mah Jong.

Members of the Y. M. C. A. served refreshments during the evening and presented the proceeds to the Y. M. C. A., for which the boys are very grateful. Approximately \$53.00 was cleared altogether.

Sunday evening, Feb. 24, Rev. H. E. Dussanck of Augusta delivered an inspiring and instructive lecture to a large audience in the William Bingham Gymnasium.

Honor roll for the week ending Feb. 22, 1924:

Seniors—Marion Brooks, Shirley Brooks, Willard Bean, Madison Berry, Emeline Heath, Bernice Haines, Genevieve, Alfreda Wheeler, Mildred York.

Juniors—Rita Beane, Elsie Chapin, Richard Holmes, Alice Lunnell, Ann Mangner, Harold Stevens.

Sophomores—Mallon Bean, Nathaniel Bean, Franklin Berlin, Collette Curtis, Sylvia Grover, Dorothy Hasseum, Florence Howe, Elizabeth Mason, Pearl Sampson, Fayre Stevens, Kenneth Stanely, Robert Stevens, Hope Wheeler.

Freshmen—Ella Bean, Freddie Clark, Vivian Eagle, Marguerite Pratt, Allen French, John Hamlin, Harold Kelly, George Learned, Wallace Saunders, Howard Wheeler.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our heartfelt thanks for the kindness shown us, to Mr. Willis for comforting sympathy, to all those sending flowers, and neighbors for the beautiful wreath.

Vivian H. Roberts.
J. H. Roberts and family.
L. A. Roberts and family.
Miss Becks Bartlett.

BETHEL AND VICINITY

Mr. Dana Hall is improving from his recent illness.

Miss Susie Plaisied is spending a few days in Portland.

Mrs. A. M. Morrill of West Bethel was in town Monday.

Miss Madeline Brink, who has been very ill, is improving.

Prof. Chapman was a business visitor in Portland, Saturday.

Harold Bros. Co. unloaded a carload of Ford cars Monday.

About fourteen inches of snow fell last Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. Henry Godwin of Hanover was the week end guest at P. O. Brink's.

Don't forget the Fashion Show to be given at Odessa Hall, Friday, March 7.

Mrs. Alma Mitchell went to Rumford, Saturday, where she will visit her sister.

Miss Methel Packard of Portland spent the week end with relatives in town.

Miss Marion Frost is spending a few days as the guest of her father, A. C. Frost.

Miss Ernestine Philbrick is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Philbrick.

Mr. William Bean is the guest of his sister, Miss Cora Bean, and other relatives in town.

Miss Rebecca Carter spent her 11th birthday, Feb. 22, with her aunt, Miss Minnie Capen.

Miss Arno was the guest of Mr. Rowena P. Goodwin in Berlin, N. H., a few days last week.

Mr. Virgil Wright of Milan, N. H., was the guest of Dr. L. H. Wright and family over the week end.

Mr. Frank Brown was in Norway, Tuesday, the guest of his son, Prof. Edward H. Brown, and family.

Mrs. Alton Richardson of Durham, N. H., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brown, has returned to her home.

A foot sale will be held at the store of C. K. Fox, Friday, Feb. 29, at 2:30, under the auspices of Sunset Rebekah Lodge.

Miss Lillian Goodridge and friend, Miss Sawyer, of Portland spent the last of the week with Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Robertson.

Mrs. D. T. Durell was called to Brewster, Me., last week by the death of her brother's wife. Her little niece accompanied her home for a stay.

Friends of Prof. and Mrs. Edward H. Brown of Norway are congratulating them on the arrival of a daughter in their home, Sunday, Feb. 24th.

Mrs. C. L. Davis, who has been spending some time in Portland with her daughter, Mrs. Wornell, and family, returned to her home in town last week.

Miss Gertrude Joy of South Berwick, Me., who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. Grover Brooks, and family, returned to her home Wednesday.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church enjoyed a very pleasant day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Adams at West Bethel last Thursday when they held an all day meeting.

Mrs. J. W. Kelley and daughter, Edith, of Vermont were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albin Morgan. Mrs. Kelley returned home Monday, and Edith remained for a visit with her grandparents.

The community service held at the William Bingham Gymnasium last Sunday evening was much enjoyed by the large number present. Excellent music was rendered during the evening by an orchestra and also chorale singing.

Prof. W. R. Chapman, Miss Cornelia Chapman and Miss Alice Capen were in Bethel, N. H., Monday, to inspect Mr. Chapman's home there, which was recently broken into. It is not known what or how much the thieves took, but they ransacked the house, stealing the contents of trunks and bureau over the rooms.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

Court opened Monday morning with a hearing upon a second indictment of Charles F. Cotton of Rumford, based on a search and seizure by Oxford County and Rumford officials. The evidence in this case was very similar to that presented in the indictment tried the first week of the term, and the defense the same but this time with a new jury. The verdict was guilty.

The sentence was a fine of \$300 and four months in jail.

Albert Bellevue was Cotton's lawyer in both cases.

The first case Tuesday morning was against Ronald Paradis for keeping and depositing. This case was based upon a search and seizure process by several officers in which a "hide" was discovered and twenty-two bottles of beer taken out.

This beer was turned over to the officers of Rumford and by them to Sheriff Frothingham. Twelve bottles were produced in court. One or more had been sent away for analysis and the analysis returned by letter, but the state failed to connect the analysis with the beer in its exhibit, and because of this the state was unable to establish the percent of alcohol in the beer seized. The judge therefore directed a verdict of "not guilty" for want of evidence.

Bellevue was Paradis' attorney.

The case against George B. Savoy of Mexico for illegal possession was settled the same as its predecessor—that is, a directed verdict of not guilty.

Mike Shippen was found guilty of illegal possession and was fined \$200 and two months in jail, with four additional months in jail for non-payment of fine.

Tuesday afternoon County Attorney Hastings announced that all the criminal cases had been taken care of and the first civil case was put on.

In this action there were two cases tried on one with the defendants in both the same and the plaintiffs in the other.

These cases were first Grover C. Hartford vs. Western Maine Power Company, and second Mildred E. Hartford vs. Western Maine Power Company.

There was quite a display of legal talent in these cases, the lawyers in both being the same. Those on the plaintiff's side were Sidney S. F. Thaxter and Fred R. Dyer, both of Portland, and those on the defense Robert Mayson of Portland and Hugh W. Hastings of Fryeburg.

This case was centered about an auto collision which the Hartfords said was due to negligence. This accident happened on a Saturday afternoon, the 29th of May, 1922.

The story as gathered from the testimony of Mr. and Mrs. Hartford was that on this afternoon, the couple, who live in East Hiram, with their children started to visit Mr. and Mrs. Daughlass, who live in Sebago. They made their journey with horse and carriage. While on their way in a section of the town of Hiram, they discovered an auto approaching at a high rate of speed. The road was bad and narrow, and Mr. Hartford picked out as good a place to turn out as he could. He drove his carriage into the ditch on one side and cleared the wheel track on the other. The road was full of ruts and holes and the auto made an uncertain track as it came along. As it came near the team it veered toward it and came in contact with the forward wheel of the carriage, lifting the body into the air and throwing Mrs. Hartford and the children out and into the ditch. In the ditch were stumps and rocks more or less covered with mud and water.

Mrs. Hartford was badly hurt by this accident, so she has been unable to do her house work, and last spring underwent an operation in consequence. The plaintiffs in these cases seek compensation for the damages thus inflicted.

The auto in question was alleged to belong to the Western Maine Power Company, and was driven and occupied by two employees of the company by the names of Cram and Cotton. After the collision it veered to the other side of the road, hitting a tree, then kept on, coming to a stop about two hundred feet from the scene of the accident, when the occupants came back to see what damage they had inflicted.

The defendant company in both Hartford cases admits the accident and the damages, but claims it used due care in operating its auto. The road was narrow, and full of ruts and stones. Mr. Cram, the driver, admits he saw the team by the side of the road and turned out to go by. When about opposite the team one forward wheel of his machine struck a rock in the road and skidded it against the team, and in trying to re-

(Continued on page 5)

FIRST YOUNG PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Oxford County—South Paris—Baptist Church—Saturday, March 15, 1924

For all the young people of all the churches of the county.

The organization, Conference officers: Miss Ruth A. Carter, Director.

R. A. White, E. A. Brewster, Associate Directors.

Committee chairmen: 1. Registration—Miss Madeline Brink, Bethel.

2. Securing Delegates, Printing and Publicity—Harold Shaw, Paris Hill.

3. Meals—Miss Perol Brink, Bethel.

4. Stunts—Charles Austin, Bethel.

5. Entertainment—Miss Minnie Keniston, South Paris.

Adviser—Mrs. D. McCosta, So. Paris.

Banquet—Miss Helen Marton, So. Paris.

Adviser—Miss Julia Merton, So. Paris.

Meeting Place—Miss Beatrice Shaw, Paris Hill.

Decorating—Miss Lowain Powers, So. Paris.

Badge Committee—Edna Bean, Bethel.

Program—Miss Marion Simpson.

Recreation—Mr. Archie McAllister, Paris Hill.

Adult Advisory Committee—Dr. C. L. Hack, South Paris; Rev. S. T. Achenbach, Bethel; Miss Ella Clark, Norway; Rev. H. F. Aldrich, West Paris; Rev. Miss Helen Carlson, Paris Hill.

County Young People's Superintendent—Rev. C. B. Oliver, Bethel.

Secretary for the Conference—Miss Pauline Hayden, So. Paris.

PROGRAM

Topics: "Four Fold Growth"

"The Organized Class"

A. M.

9:30 Registration of Delegates

10:00 Who's who

Why we are here

Elects of Conference officers

Installation

Appointment of Committees

Simultaneous Sessions

Young women Young men

"Four Fold Growth"

Discussion

Conference photo

12:15 P. M.

12:30 Lunch

1:30 Conference sing

Simultaneous sessions

1:45 Afternoon thought

Group discussions

2:00 Young women Young men

"The Organized Class"

Discussion

2:30 Organized department

3:45 Question

Discussion

3:50 Recreation (Basketball game to be arranged)

4:00 Banquet, special songs and chorale

Breeding program may be changed before printing.

POLISH PATRIOT
WRITES OF VISIT

Impressed by the great industrial development, the cooperation in civic life, and the brotherhood good fellowship in America, Gen. Joseph Haller, noted Polish patriot who was the guest of the American Legion while in the United States, has returned to his native land.

In a letter to National Commander John H. Quinn of the Legion, the great Polish warrior said that his pleasure in his visit was unbounded, and was an experience that he would always recall because of the association with his former comrades of the World War who had fought under the American flag.

General Haller's visit began early in October and continued until a few days before Christmas. His tour started with a visit to the White House and a visit to the tomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington, across the continent to San Francisco, where he received highest honors at the hands of the American Legion. As the official guest of the organization, he was presented with the American Legion's Distinguished Service Medal, worn only by two Americans and by but four others—Marshall Foch of France, Admiral Heilly of England, General Jacques of Belgium, General Diaz of Italy.

Back across the nation with a party of representative Legion men, spent the great Polish patriot, to visit nearly all of America's greatest cities, where he was greeted by members of that organization, Polish colonies and many officials, statements and promises.

Before his departure, General Haller expressed his deep satisfaction at the outcome of the visit, and deeply thanked the American Legion for the opportunity to see the nation. He said in his letter:

"What has given me the greatest pleasure has been the evidence on every hand that the American soldier who really gave up his peaceful pursuits to do the will of his proud country and help put down oppression in Europe on quickly returned to the industrial and commercial occupations following the signing of the armistice. I have noted the happy homes, the contentment and the prosperity of these liberty-loving and law-abiding people. It has been a constant inspiration to me. The officers of the many Legion posts, the officials of the organizations are all embodied in my heart."

Britisher Anxious to
Be Legion Member

Harold Hall, a veteran of the British Legion, who served on every battle front from Mexico to the Dardanelles, is looking forward to acceptance of his application by the American Legion. Hall was one of the first to learn of the new ruling made by the Legion at the fifth annual convention, which permits those who served with allied armies who were at the time citizens of the United States, or later became naturalized, to affiliate with the Legion.

Hall is a resident of Minneapolis, and applied for naturalization papers following his arrival in that city in January, 1923. His next step was to make application for Legion membership, but was told that he would be served in wait until completion of naturalization requirements. He declares that every American World War veteran should avail himself of the opportunity to affiliate with the Legion.

Canada Would Have
Legion Convention

Montreal seeks to entertain a national convention of the American Legion, according to an invitation sent by national headquarters of the veteran organization through Legion of Broke in Canada.

The invitation was extended by Major Morris of Montreal, who declared that the entertainment of the former comrades of the British and there would give great pleasure to citizens of his country, as well as afford the means for more closely linking the people of the two nations.

The invitation was not greeted with enthusiasm for consideration, however, as the Legion convention for 1924 had already been scheduled for St. Paul, Minnesota. It is another Canadian city, which the veteran organization has chosen there in 1924, the invitation being extended during the fifth annual convention at San Francisco.

Would "Show" Them

Charles H. Edwards, leader of the Yankee faction in the World War, and now living in New York, is a high honor to his wife, according to his comrades with the words:

"What we men of the World War have done is to show them the way. We have shown them the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past."

Edwards, who was one of the first to be killed in the World War, is now a high honor to his wife, according to his comrades with the words:

"What we men of the World War have done is to show them the way. We have shown them the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past."

Him, Too

In a state of confusion, Edwards, the veteran warrior, is now a high honor to his wife, according to his comrades with the words:

"What we men of the World War have done is to show them the way. We have shown them the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past."

ASKED AND ANSWERED

ANNOUNCEMENT

This is a big new feature in The Oxford County Citizen. Read in your question, and address them to U. S. Press Association, Continental Trust Building, Washington, D. C. Enclose two cents in stamps for reply. Do not include medical, legal, courtship and marital questions, or expect attention to matters requiring extensive research. Mention this paper when you write.

Q. Can you furnish me a list of counties in North Carolina that use a County Manager? To what extent is this form of county management used, and is it a success?

A. There is no county management in North Carolina, nor so far as investigations disclose, anywhere else in the United States. The Legislature of Montana has recently made it possible for its counties to adopt the system and the matter is now up in Silver Bow County, which contains the city of Butte. Steps were taken in the direction of county management in Westchester County, New York, but they were falling and falling footsteps. A similar attempt was made in Maryland to include the county in which Baltimore is located. But it did not go through. Alameda County and Los Angeles County, California, were bitten by the County Manager notion, but they did not carry it through. A current investigation of this subject following the receipt of the above interesting question discloses the fact that students and advocates of civic and political improvements regard the structure of county governments as "transient."

Q. What kind of points about the most heat?

A. The United States Bureau of Standards says that the results of its investigations show that a coating of aluminum paint, applied to underside of a plate of sheet iron, emits only 25 to 50 per cent as much heat radiation as a white paint, vitreous enamel or other non-metallic surface. Aluminum paint applied to the outside of an automobile top or other dark "artificial leather" covering reduced the radiation from the underside of a test it emits only 50 to 85 per cent of the heat radiated from the underside.

Q. Who discovered the electric bell?

A. The first bell sounded by electric current was produced by Joseph Henry, a teacher in Albany Academy, in 1831.

Q. What are the peculiarities of the North American grebe, as compared to other water fowl?

A. According to Dr. Alexander Wetmore, speaking for the Bureau of Biological Survey, the grebe must be made pattern or Rappin, according to their sex, as it has been found that these water fowl eat great quantities of the same feathers, dance on the water and hold the world championship for diving quality. Post-mortem examinations held by biological scientists have shown the fact that the stomachs of many specimens revealed masses of feathers mingled with the remains of fish and insects. Grebes make their nests of sticks of decaying vegetation and shallow water. The eggs almost lie on the water, the incubation period being about 28 days.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

Q. What is the purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine"?

A. The purpose of the "Pine" in the "Pine" is to show the way to the future, and we have shown them the way to the past.

In turn, or that which stood nearest the stable door.

Q. What is gluten and what does it come from?

A. It is a tough, elastic substance of a grayish color, which becomes brown and brittle by drying, and is found in the flour of wheat and other grains. It contributes much of the nutritive quality of flour, and gives tenacity to its paste. A similar substance is found in the juices of certain plants.

Q. How is common salt obtained?

A. Common salt is obtained from evaporation of spring and sea water, also from mines, our supply of salt obtained by evaporation comes chiefly from Michigan and New York, mined salt from Louisiana and Kansas.

Q. Please advise me where one can get information as to concerning constructing one's own radio?

A. Write the Bureau of Standard, Washington, D. C., and enclose five cents for their literature upon this subject.

Q. What are the food qualities of peanuts?

A. The Virginia variety contains from 45 to 52 per cent of oil, and 30 per cent and upwards of protein qualities. Therefore the food specialists are agreed that peanuts are a nutritious food. It is interesting to note the following comment of the Department of Agriculture with reference to peanut oil. "The virgin grades, sweet and unrefined, should not be dressed up with foreign looking labels or called simply 'saloil oil.' Peanut oil is described officially as 'one of the most important in the world's food oils.'"

Q. How many telephone calls are made yearly in the United States?

A. General Caryl, vice president of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, gives the answer as nineteen billion calls.

Q. What is the amount of the corn crop of merchantable quality for 1923?

A. How many bushels of corn were produced in 1923?

A. The merchantable corn crop for 1923, according to the United States Department of Agriculture was 2,522,360,000 bushels. The production of corn for 1923 is stated by the Department to have been 2,524,335,000 bushels.

Q. Who is the author of "America, The Beautiful"?

A. The words are by Katherine Lee Bates. As there is some question about the title the first two lines are here stated. They are:

"O beautiful for spacious skies,
For amber waves of grain,"

Q. When was the Colombian Treaty ratified and what was its nature? How did it get mixed up in it as indicated by the request of the Senate for the diplomatic correspondence?

A. The Colombian Treaty was ratified April 11, 1921. Under it the United States Government paid \$25,000,000 to the Government of Colombia. This grew out of the acts of former President Roosevelt getting a clear title to the isthmus of Panama for the building of the Canal. In urging the adoption of the resolution to compensate Colombia two letters were introduced into the Record written by the then Secretary of the Interior Albert B. Fall, each dated March 21, 1921. In these letters Mr. Fall cited the need of all by American citizens as the reason why this Government should ratify the treaty, and pointed out that the British and Japanese Governments were backing great oil companies who were operating throughout the world, and that this Government should have its approval to a Colombian treaty in order that American investors could produce oil for American purposes.

Q. What effect does time water have on milk?

A. An effort to find some scientific basis for the use of time water in milk shows that there is little beyond tradition in its favor. Lime water is a mild alkaline solution, the effect of which on milk is probably to dilute it than to change it chemically. A mild wash for.

Q. How many acres of land in the "red" zone, and how much of it is irrigated?

A. The Agricultural Department of the United States estimates that 40,000 acres of land is irrigated in the "red" zone. A state of it estimated at between 100 and 200 miles. The "red" zone has been classified from Government records.

Q. What is the role of the use of question marks?

A. According to Webster's "College Dictionary" question marks are used to indicate all direct questions, as in the following sentence: "When I am dead," and one of the foremost of modern minds, one of the greatest of modern poets, "My sword on my rifle, for I was a soldier, a man for the future of humanity." "Thomas and poet should be placed within the closing quotation marks; conclusions and conclusions without. The interrogation point and exclamation point should be placed within the quotation marks when part of the quotation; otherwise, outside.

Q. Who used the phrase, "If anyone comes up to the edge of hell and looks over?"

A. The authorship is hardly worth looking up but it may be properly charged to St. John.

Q. What is the longest electrified railway in the United States?

A. The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway is an electrified project for 800 miles of its main line, which makes it not only the longest electrified line in the United States but also in the world. Its electrical power is generated at the Great Falls dam in Montana, and it drives its trains across the Rocky Mountains.

STATE OF MAINE

To all persons interested in either of the Estates hereinafter named.

At a Probate Court, held at Paris, in and for the County of Oxford, on the third Tuesday of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four. The following matters having been presented for the action thereupon hereinafter indicated, it is hereby ORDERED:

That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford County Citizen a newspaper published at Bethel, in said County, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at said Paris on the third Tuesday of March, A. D. 1924, at 2 o'clock in the forenoon, and be heard thereon if they see cause.

William D. Mills late of Bethel, deceased will and petition for probate thereof and the appointment of Emma F. Mills as executrix of the same to act without bond presented by said Emma F. Mills, the executrix therein named.

Agnes H. Straw late of Bethel, deceased; first account presented for allowance by H. H. Hastings, executor.

Roy S. Jones of Hanover, a minor first and final account presented for allowance by Arthur G. Howe, guardian.

Helen M. Staples late of Hanover, deceased; final account presented for allowance by Harry A. Staples, administrator.

Herman Bumpus late of Oxford, deceased; petition that Eugene B. Holden or some other suitable person be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased presented by Susie Bumpus, widow.

Witness, Aretas E. Stratus, Judge of said Court at Paris, this third Tuesday of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-four.

Albert D. Park, Register.

228-31

NOTICE

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed executor of the will of Mrs. R. H. Blake, late of Oxford in the County of Oxford, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are desired to present the same for settlement, and all indebted thereto are requested to make payment immediately.

HENRY H. HARRIS, Executor.

Bethel, Maine.

February 21, 1924.

UNITED STATES FIDELITY AND GUARANTEE COMPANY

Baltimore, Md.

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, \$2,576,745.80

Mortgage Loans, 71,555.00

Collateral Loans, 2,122,225.25

Stocks and Bonds, 2,143,196.47

Cash in Office and Bank, 2,650,004.30

Agents' Balances, 7,351,383.00

Bills Receivable, 1,765,945.05

Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00

All other Assets, 1,765,945.05

Gross Assets, 48,750,684.11

Deduct Items not admitted, 1,924,699.78

Admitted, 46,825,984.33

Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923

Net Unpaid Losses, 410,706,087.36

Unearned Premiums, 12,215,664.54

All other Liabilities, 5,014,811.81

Cash Capital, 8,000,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 4,941,810.58

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 434,877,574.23

OXFORD INS. AGENCY, Wm. C. Hamford

COUNTY FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, \$1,000,000.00

Mortgage Loans, 7,000.00

Collateral Loans, 1,232,382.50

Stocks and Bonds, 101,068.81

Cash in Office and Bank, 12,141,117.17

Agents' Balances, 8,000,000.00

Bills Receivable, 12,730.00

Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00

All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 25,131,140.81

Deduct Items not admitted, 80

Admitted Assets, 25,131,060.81

Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923

Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00

Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00

All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00

Mortgage Loans, 7,000.00

Collateral Loans, 1,232,382.50

Stocks and Bonds, 101,068.81

Cash in Office and Bank, 12,141,117.17

Agents' Balances, 8,000,000.00

Bills Receivable, 12,730.00

Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00

All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 25,131,140.81

Deduct Items not admitted, 80

Admitted Assets, 25,131,060.81

Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923

Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00

Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00

All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00

Mortgage Loans, 7,000.00

Collateral Loans, 1,232,382.50

Stocks and Bonds, 101,068.81

Cash in Office and Bank, 12,141,117.17

Agents' Balances, 8,000,000.00

Bills Receivable, 12,730.00

Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00

All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 25,131,140.81

Deduct Items not admitted, 80

Admitted Assets, 25,131,060.81

Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923

Net Unpaid Losses, 1,000,000.00

Unearned Premiums, 1,000,000.00

All other Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Cash Capital, 1,000,000.00

Surplus over all Liabilities, 1,000,000.00

Total Liabilities and Surplus, 1,000,000.00

Assets Dec. 31, 1923

Real Estate, 1,000,000.00

Mortgage Loans, 7,000.00

Collateral Loans, 1,232,382.50

Stocks and Bonds, 101,068.81

Cash in Office and Bank, 12,141,117.17

Agents' Balances, 8,000,000.00

Bills Receivable, 12,730.00

Interest and Rents, 1,000,000.00

All other Assets, 1,000,000.00

Gross Assets, 25,131,140.81

Deduct Items not admitted, 80

Admitted Assets, 25,131,060.81

Liabilities Dec. 31, 1923

Net Unpaid Losses

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

NEW BOY SCOUT BADGE

Blind, crippled and otherwise physically handicapped boy scouts who have not been eligible to work for Merit badges because of their disabilities prevented them from fulfilling the requirements for second class rank and for first class rank, when the scout is permitted to enter the fascinating Merit badge field, will be heartened in their advance in scoutcraft by the recent decision of the executive board of the national council to create an Achievement badge for physically handicapped scouts in recognition of certain requirements. The badge will permit them to take up with modification any of the 33 Merit badge subjects, which range from aviation to zoology and include such other subjects of boy interest as radio, wood craft, electricity, tracking, trailing, swimming, pacing, etc.

The present decision now moderates or lowers the regularly prescribed standards of scouting; it rather represents a means by which physically disabled scouts may be encouraged to maximum achievement.

To qualify for the Achievement badge, the scout will proceed as for second and first class rank, except that he shall also present a written application signed by a registered physician, addressed to the local court of honor, explaining the apparent physical disability which makes it impossible for him to meet the prescribed requirements.

It is further recommended that scouts making application for the new Achievement badge be encouraged to exercise their own initiative and judgment in devising and passing some test within their physical capacity as evidence of their scout spirit and their eagerness to develop to the fullest their abilities.

The Achievement badge is to be in both metal and cloth. The cloth badge is to be worn on the sleeve with any Merit badge subsequently awarded.

Because of the many appealing cases of deserving and efficient scouts, displaying in their daily lives highest ideals of scouting, but who because of physical handicaps have been hindered in official advancement in rank, the organization after special and sympathetic consideration has arrived at the foregoing decision.

BOY SCOUT, HEALTH WORKER

A garbage can became the unusual theme for special appreciation of the scout spirit in a recent account by the New York Mail, of a scout good turn.

A lady of the tenements, relating the incident, says: "Yesterday morning the bell rang as I was in the kitchen and I saw a boy in a brown suit with a colored handkerchief round his neck. 'Say, he says, you got a garbage pull out on the curb that's slopping over, without a cover on it. You ought to have a larger one.' Well, I told the kid that we didn't have any too much money, and what we did have didn't go to buy garbage pulls every time some fresh kid wanted us to. 'But, you see,' he says, 'I'm a boy scout and I'm trying to win a Merit badge in public health. Now that pull of yours is open so the flies can get into it; then they fly straight into your house and walk all over the stuff you eat with their dirty feet. Besides, it's against the law.'"

"I'm sorry, I say, but I have no money to get one." He looked at me a minute without saying a word and then went off. I forgot about it entirely. This morning the bell rang again, and there stood the kid holding that new pull in his hand. 'Here, he says, showing it at me, the fellow in my troop want me to give this to you. We all chipped in to get it.' Then he got all red in the face, colored and ran away.

"God bless the kid. If all these boy scouts is like that, there ain't no sin."

SCOUT GOOD TURNS NUMEROUS

"Each boy scout is pledged to do a good deed daily, and a list of good deeds to which each scout is required to do the very best of his ability. Half a million good deeds are performed as a part of the scout's daily life. If there were nothing more, the scout would be a good citizen. The scout with which scout groups like the boy scout organization and the boy scout with which they uphold the scout banner, are testaments to one of the remarkable social achievements of recent years." Post-Townsend (Washington) Leader.

"A SCOUT IS BRAVE"

The brave scout law "A Scout is Brave" has a touching little illustration in a story reported from a Maine hospital. As the nurse was bringing a twelve-year-old boy patient out of the anaesthetic after a serious operation, she found him in the pain of the bed a right hand a note of crumpled paper. Straightening out the scrap to see if it had any bearing on the boy's welfare, she read the words, scrawled in a boy's hand: "A Scout is Brave."

RUMFORD

Members of the Joseph Colby Post, G. A. R., of Rumford have planned for the Memorial Day services to be held this year at Rumford Centre. The Willing Workers will serve dinner at the Grange Hall, and it is reported that a good speaker has been secured.

The death of Mrs. Delvino LePlante occurred recently, and services were held at St. John's Church, the Rev. Fr. Boivin officiating assisted by Rev. Fr. Harvey and Rev. Fr. Glavinna. Mrs. LePlante had been a resident of Rumford for the past thirteen years, and was fifty years of age. Surviving are her husband, Napoleon LePlante, and two daughters, Mrs. LaBell and Mrs. Peter Laliberte.

Mrs. O. A. Pettengill is in New York on a business trip.

Harold G. Noyes, principal of Rumford's evening school, was one of the speakers at the recent sessions of the first conference of principals of evening schools and Americanization schools in Maine which was held in Augusta at the State House. The conference was under the direction of the vocational educational division. Mr. Noyes' subject was "Uniform Records."

Mrs. Amy Lyon, who now serves the town efficiently as Town Clerk, has announced her candidacy as Town Clerk.

Mrs. Lucille Cullen, the present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election. Dr. Philip Gauthier, son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gauthier of Congress Street, who since his graduation from the Philadelphia Dental College last June has been practicing in Mila, Me., is now to come to Rumford to practice his profession, having secured an office in the Strathearn building.

Word has reached town of the death of Miss Lela Carle's mother which recently occurred in Woodland. The death of a brother occurred a day after, and a double funeral for mother and son was held. Miss Carle has many friends in town where she was employed before leaving to train as a nurse in the Providence, R. I., Hospital about a year and a half ago. She was called to her home in Woodland by the illness of her mother, whom she has cared for during her illness.

Mrs. Claude Gispatrik and two children of Milton, Vt., are guests at the home of her mother, Dr. Laura P. Noyes of Lockness Road.

For some years past there has been no mail carrier on the Maine Central train from Ogunness to Rumford, mail being closed from Rumford, and causing at least a day's delay in the receipt of mail here, when in the ordinary course of events it should have been delivered within three hours from the time it left Ogunness. Because this was causing great inconvenience to both Rumford merchants and the people in the lake district, a group of business men from Rumford have taken this matter up with the proper authorities who have recommended that such a clerk be appointed. If this measure goes through as it should, the clerk will probably assume his duties sometime in May.

Miss Josephine West of Rumford and Frederick Michael of Brunswick were united in marriage recently by Rev. H. H. Bishop at Brunswick, the double ring service being used. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Norman Worthing of Auburn. Following the ceremony a wedding luncheon was served at the home of Mrs. George Lyon in Brunswick assisted by Mrs. Mattie B. Worthing of Rumford. The newly married couple will reside in Brunswick.

Margaret, nine year old daughter of Mrs. George Phillips of Uppahatch St., is making a good recovery from an operation performed at the McCarly Hospital.

Miss Alma Hubbard has accepted a position with the Tanager Centre (Scam) in town.

Mrs. Sarah Grant of the Fashion Shop is visiting relatives in New York for a few weeks.

Restoration alterations are to be made to the property of Joseph Boston at the corner of Waldo Street and Oxford Avenue. As the ground now the car tracks are being extended the cellar from the corner of the store front will be occupied by the Rumford Jewelry Company as a branch store.

Company as a branch store.

The building occupied by Mayo's Cash Market on Waldo Street and owned by Dr. M. J. Brooks, is to be thoroughly renovated, and the work on same is expected to be started within a few weeks.

The Talbot Grocery Store in the Virginia District has been purchased by David S. Cogan. Mr. Cogan, although a native of Portland, Oregon, has been in Maine for some time, having been associated with his brother in the grocery business in Bath. He recently married Miss Anna Aris, the daughter of Rev. Mr. Aris.

The question of debate among the secondary schools of Maine in the Bates Debating League this spring will be: "Resolved—That the United States should join the League of Nations." The preliminaries are to be held on the second Friday in March and the finals on the second Friday in April. Rumford High School will debate the Livermore Falls High debating team at Livermore Falls, and the South Paris High team will come to Rumford to debate with Rumford High School.

The Democratic voters of Rumford at a recent caucus elected the following officers: Chairman, Peter McDonald; vice chairman, Mrs. Annie McMenamin; Secretary, Miss Judith Beliveau; Treasurer, Henry Perry; Agent, William Cyr. The delegates to the State convention are as follows: R. L. McLeher, Peter McDonald, Henry Perry, A. J. Marble, Judge Matthew McCarthy, Albert Beliveau, Eugene Pillant, Mrs. Annie McMenamin, Miss Bessie McMenamin, Mrs. Ethel Caron, Miss Arlene Cyr, and Dr. Laura F. Noyes.

The presidents of the Ladies' Aid of the Universalist Church for April are Mrs. George Hutchins and Mrs. Charles Howe, who have issued to the parish members, church calendars. These bear a picture of the church, and 12 holiday spaces, the latter to be filled with dimes. These cards when filled, are to be returned on the Tuesday after Easter, and the contents of the whole to be used for worthy cause.

At a recent meeting of the National Honor Society of Rumford High School the following officers were elected: President, Annie McShane; Vice President, Emerson Hymmet; Secretary, Evelyn McDonald; Treasurer, Nellie Dennis.

Judge A. E. Stearns of Rumford is prominently talked of to succeed Congressman Wallace White, although Mr. Stearns has not as yet given any definite answer as to whether he is a candidate or not. He states that he has arrived at no definite decision and has nothing to say now. However, the voters of Oxford County and especially of his residential town would like to see him enter the race.

One of the most noteworthy events that has occurred in Rumford for years was the public reception and banquet of the Rumford Merchants Association at Hotel Rumford recently at which Mr. Hugh J. Chisholm was the guest of honor. Ninety-seven business and professional men of the town were present. It is safe to say that more real facts concerning Rumford, its growth and development were learned, and more genuine enthusiasm and inspiration gained than has been the fruits of any public gathering ever before held in Rumford. Mr. Chisholm was much pleased by the cooperation and the desire to aid him in Rumford's development. Mr. Chisholm gave the men present some exceedingly

interesting facts concerning the Oxford Paper Co., and the Rumford Falls Realty Company, which no one excepting himself would have been in a position to give. He advanced facts and figures that the people of Rumford might be fully informed, and gain a more thorough understanding of our wonderful industries here. Dr. Brooks, president of the Association, extended the welcome, and Dana York acted as a most able and witty toastmaster. Leroy E. Williams, Superintendent of Schools, was the principal speaker of the evening for the Merchants Association, others in attendance giving short addresses.

Rumford is really to have a new theatre, one that will be modern in every respect, with a capacity for seating over 1000 people. The matter was definitely settled when the business and professional men of Rumford raised \$6500, the amount necessary to complete the deal. Mr. Hugh J. Chisholm, as previously stated, made a donation of \$6000, and this amount, together with the investing of \$65,000 by the Maine and New Hampshire Theatre Companies has made the new theatre for Rumford possible. According to Mr. William P. Gray, the General Manager of the Maine and New Hampshire Theatre Company, work on the erection of the new theatre will be started early this spring. The new theatre will be located on Congress Street, on the site of the old theatre, now Hanson block.

Mr. Harry S. Coke has again presented the Rumford Public Library with a subscription to the International Studio Magazine for another year. This is a gift of unusual value, and has been much enjoyed this past year.

Rumford's first winter carnival, held on Monday and Tuesday of last week, was most happily greeted with the finest of weather, which of course was one of the main features in making the event the grand success that it proved to be. Famous skaters and skiers were here to take part. The United States Eastern Amateur Ski Association of which the Chisholm Ski Club of Rumford is a member, was represented by four of its member clubs. Six driving clubs of Maine sent their horses to take part in the program of races arranged by the Rumford Driving Club and held on the Andrewsoggin speedway. A series of ski and skating races for the school children of Rumford and Mexico featured both days of the carnival, and a carnival ball was held the first evening of the event. Rumford's winter playground includes a large ski jump, a toboggan slide, a smaller ski slide and jump for the children and an ice ring. The ski slide, built in compliance with the specifications of the Amateur Ski Association is built on a hill about 750 feet in length, the length of the landing space being 250 feet. The drop from top to bottom measures perpendicularly 250 feet. The jump is on a natural hill facing east, and the slope is in the shadow most of the day, making the snow fast under most unfavorable conditions. The Nansen Ski Club of Berlin sent six representatives, of whom one was famous Bing Anderson, Gunnar Michaelson of New Hampshire

State University, National Amateur International Ski champion, was also here. Eric Holt, trick ski jumper of the Berlin carnival, did some special jumping stunts. Trophies for the winners of the ski events as well as appropriate prizes for the school children events were offered. Finn Sorenson, one of our Rumford boys, proved himself an adept on skis, and was much admired by the spectators in his stunts. Many novelty events featured the two days program, there being hockey games, a Boy Scout relay race, in which Scouts from Rumford, Mexico and Dixfield participated, basket ball on ice, a snowshoe obstacle race, and dancing on the ice. Tuesday's afternoon program included a five mile snowshoe race, and a long distance ten mile ski race. The entire playground was illuminated with colored lights, and flags of every nation were strung about the ice rink. Music for dancing on the ice skating was furnished by a series of radio loud speakers attached to a Victrola, giving the effect, when in operation, of four large bands combined. One of the most enjoyable features of the event was the fancy skating acts by two national stars, Miss Loda Jean Carlisle and her partner, Mr. Bourke, who have won a reputation throughout the country. Altogether, Rumford's first ice carnival furnished a grand beginning for the wonderful things that may come in the years to follow. Stores, schools and many offices closed the first afternoon of the carnival. The State ski record was broken two days in succession by jumps of 100 and 103 1/2 feet by Dewey Cature of Berlin.

ANDOVER

Lone Mt. Grange met Saturday for an all day meeting and the Lecturer's program was given as follows:

Song, Grange.
Reading, Mrs. Cora Akers.
Reading, Mrs. J. L. Bailey.
Music, Mrs. Sylvanus Poor.
Washington and his Family by members of the Grange.

Mrs. Poor, Roll Call, each member naming his or her birthday and for what it excelled.

A number of young people attended the carnival at Rumford and reported a fine time.

Omar Spidell fell from his skills while on his way to Rumford and broke his arm. He was immediately taken there where the arm was set and he returned on the stage.

Archer Poor returned from a ten day trip to Lewiston, Friday.

Mr. Fred Bartlett has been very ill with heart trouble. Dr. McCarty of Rumford and Dr. Somerville were called in consultation Saturday.

Mrs. Samuel Marston has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mary Knapp, of Roxbury.

There were no services at the Congregational Church, Sunday morning on account of the severe weather.

Miss Doris Jones, who teaches at So. Andover, visited Mr. and Mrs. Roger Thurston, Saturday and Sunday. Cabot Lodge, K. of P., held their annual ball in the hall Friday evening.

Feb. 22, with a good company present. The Pythian Sisters served a most delicious supper consisting of mashed potatoes, cold meats, hot rolls and pastry. A fine time was reported.

The King's Daughters meet this Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Harry Thomas.

Ray Thurston is cutting his pine at North Andover, also the pine on the farm of Lucien Akers, and hauling it to the river at the mouth of Sawyer Brook. He is moving a crew of men to the Emerson farm where they will occupy one of the houses.

Members of the fancy work committee of the Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. C. A. Hand, Saturday.

A foot of snow fell Wednesday, Feb. 20.

Mr. H. L. Poor is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Guy Learned, and family of Dresden, Me.

Harry Thomas, who is sealing lumber at the C Pond camp, spent Sunday at his home.

The North Andover Whist was entertained Saturday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Sylvanus Learned. Five tables were played and Mr. and Mrs. Eben Hutchins won first prizes and Eva Learned and Earl Glidden the second. Refreshments of sandwiches, cake and coffee were served.

GILEAD

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wilson of Gorham, N. H., were guests of relatives in town Sunday.

Edward Holder was in Berlin, N. H., last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Arenburg are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter.

Miss Beatrice Taylor of Bethel was a recent guest of her sister, Marion Taylor.

Goodwin Cole has completed his duties at Leighton's mill.

Marjorie Cole of Auburn was a week end guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cole.

Jeffrey Losier and William Shorrey spent the week end in Berlin, N. H.

Miss Evelyn Oleson of Berlin, N. H., was in town recently.

Mrs. Marion Norton and children went to Portland last Saturday.

Mrs. Florence Bryant was a recent visitor in Berlin, N. H.

George Daniels and daughters, Frances and Lella, spent the week end in Norton Mills, Vt., the guests of Miss Harriet Daniels.

KEMP'S BALSAM

Don't cough! cough! cough!

Have you ordered your Ford?

Last year 350,000 buyers waited for delivery.

Insure yourself against delay this spring by placing your order for a Ford Car now.

See the Nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

Men's "All Rubber" Overs

Ball Band and Top Notch, 8 inch top, \$3.95

Ball Band, Top Notch and Converse, 12 inch top, \$4.95

"A GOOD CHANCE TO SAVE."

Our terms are cash--We sell for less.

E. N. SWETT SHOE CO.

NORWAY, ME.

Phone 38-2

UTK Tailor Shop

Naimy Building
Tailoring for men and women. Remodelling, Alterations, Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER
ALSO FUR WORK

VIOLA GWYN

George Barry McCutcheon

SYNOPSIS

PROLOGUE—Kenneth Gwynne was a young man in the army. He was sent to the front in France. He was killed in action. His father, who was a wealthy man, was left with a large fortune. He was a member of the Oxford County Citizens Association.

CHAPTER I—Kenneth, now a young lawyer, was looking for a place to live. He was a member of the Oxford County Citizens Association. He was a member of the Oxford County Citizens Association.

CHAPTER II—In the morning the sun was shining. Kenneth was looking for a place to live. He was a member of the Oxford County Citizens Association.

CHAPTER III—A handsome, dashing young fellow rides up and introduces himself as Barry Lapelle.

CHAPTER IV—Isaac Stain, a farmer, gives Kenneth a message from Viola.

CHAPTER V—At Lafayette Ken sees his lawyer, Cornell, and the record of his father's will.

CHAPTER VI—Ken calls at Viola's home and finds her in a state of distress.

CHAPTER VII—Ken and Viola meet at the house of Isaac Stain.

CHAPTER VIII—Viola tells her mother she is going to marry Lapelle.

CHAPTER IX—Ken meets Viola at the house of Isaac Stain.

CHAPTER X—Ken resolves to stay at the house of Isaac Stain.

CHAPTER XI—Lapelle tells Ken that he is a member of the Oxford County Citizens Association.

CHAPTER XII—Lapelle returns home and finds his mother in a state of distress.

CHAPTER XIII—Viola realizes that she is in a state of distress.

CHAPTER XIV—Ken tells Rachel of his father's will.

CHAPTER XV—Ken tells Rachel of his father's will.

CHAPTER XVI—Ken tells Rachel of his father's will.

CHAPTER XVII—Ken tells Rachel of his father's will.

He gave a short, bitter laugh. "But who is going to tell her that, my dear, Rachel Carter?"

She sank wearily into a chair. "I will put it this way, Kenneth," she said. "Would you ask her to be your wife if the time should ever come when she knows the truth?"

He hesitated a long time. "Will you be kind enough to tell me what your object is in asking me these questions?"

"I want to know whether you are truly in love with her," she replied steadily.

"And if I say that I could not ask her to marry me, would that prove anything to you?"

"Yes. It would prove two things. It would prove that you do not love her with all your heart and soul, and it would prove that you are the same kind of man that your father was before you."

He started. It was the second reason that caused him to look at her curiously. "What do you mean?"

"When you have answered my question, I will answer yours, Kenneth."

"Well," he began, setting his jaw, "I do love her enough to ask her to be my wife. But I would ask her as Owen Carter's daughter. And," he added, half-closing his eyes with pain, "she would refuse to have me. Do you suppose her love would survive the shock of realization? She has a clean heart. She would never marry the son of the man who—"

"He found himself unable to finish the sentence. A strange, sudden reluctance to hurt his enemy checked the words even as they were being framed on his lips—reluctance due not to compassion, not to consideration but to a certain innate respect for an adversary whose back is to the wall and yet faces unequal odds without a sign of shrinking."

"Shall I say it for you?" she asked in a cold, level voice. But she had winced, despite her iron control.

"It is not necessary," said he, embarrassed.

"In any case," she said, with a sigh, "you have answered my question. If you could do this for my girl I am sure of your love for her. There could be no greater test. I shall take a little more time before answering your question. Kenneth, the time may come—I feel that it is sure to come, when Viola will learn the truth about herself and me—and you, as well. I feel it in my bones. It may not come till after I am dead. But no matter when it comes, I want to feel sure now—tonight, Kenneth—that you will never undertake to deprive her of the lands and money I shall leave to her."

He stared at her in astonishment. "What is this you are saying?" She slowly repeated the words. "Why, how could I dispossess her? It is yours to bequeath as you see fit, madam. Do you think I am a mercenary scoundrel, that I would try to take it away from her? I know she is not my father's daughter, but—why, good heaven, I would never dream of fighting for what you?"

"Your love for her—though unrequited—aye, even though she became embittered toward you because of what happened years ago—you love her enough to stand aside and allow her to hold what I shall leave to her?"

"You are talking in riddles. What on earth are you driving at?"

"You will not fight her right, her claim to my estate?" she insisted, leaning still closer.

"Why, of course not!" he exclaimed, angrily.

"Even though the law might say she is not entitled to it?"

"The law can take no action unless I invoke its aid," said he. "And that is something I shall never do," he added, with finality.

"I wish I could be sure of that," she murmured, wistfully.

He came to his feet. "You may be sure of it," he said, with dignity. "Please, your soul in peace, if that is all that is troubling it."

"Sit down," she said, a strange huskiness in her voice. He obeyed her. "Your father left a certain part of his fortune to me. There was no provision made for Viola. You understand that, don't you?"

"Yes, I know all about that," said he, placidly. "The other part of his fortune was given to her by her mother. You are at liberty to do as you wish with it, as you see fit. I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

He was still somewhat stupefied. The disclosure was so unexpected, so utterly at odds with all his understanding that he could not wholly grasp its significance. Somewhat foolishly he burst out:

"But surely you must have demanded—I mean, did you never ask him to—"

Her eyebrows went up slightly. "How could I?" she inquired, as if surprised by the question. "I had not sunk so low in my own estimation as that, Kenneth Gwynne. My bed was made the day I went away with him. Some day you may realize that even such as I may possess the thing called honor. Not I would have died rather than ask him to marry me. I chose my course with my eyes open. It was not for me to demand more than I gave. He was not a free man when I went to him. He made no promises, nor did I exact any."

She spoke in the most matter-of-fact way. He regarded her in sheer wonder. "What do you mean?"

"But he should have made you his wife," he exclaimed, his sense of fairness rising above the bitter antipathy he felt toward her.

"That was for him to decide," said she, calmly. "I respected his feelings in the matter, and still do. He had no right to marry me when we went away together. He did not take me as a wife, Kenneth Gwynne. He took me as a woman. He had a wife. Up to the day he died he looked upon her as his wife. I was his woman. I could never take her place. Not even after she had been in her grave for twenty years. He never forgot her. I see the scorn in your eyes. He does not quite deserve it, Kenneth. After all is said and done, he was fair to me. Not one man in a thousand would have done his part so well as he."

"You see I am laying bare my innermost soul to you. It hurts me to say that through all these years he loved and honored and revered his wife—and the memory of her. He was never unkind to me—he never spoke of her. But I knew, and he knew that I knew. He loved you, Kenneth. When you were a little shaver I adored you. But I came to hate you as the years went by. It is needless to tell you the reason why. When it came time for him to die he left you half of his fortune. The other half—and a little over—he gave to me. Her voice faltered a little as she added: "For good and faithful service. I suppose."

During this long speech Kenneth had succeeded in collecting his thoughts. He had been shocked by her confession, and now he was mentally examining the possibilities that might arise from the aspect it bore.

First of all, Viola was not even his stepdaughter. He experienced a thrill of joy over that, notwithstanding the ugly truth that gave her the new standing, to his simple, straightforward mind, Viola's mother was nothing more than a woman. Still, Viola was not to blame for that. That could never be held against her.

"Why have you told me all this?" he asked bluntly. "I had no means of learning that you were never married to my father. There was never a question about it in my mind, nor in anybody else's, so far as I know. You have put a very dangerous weapon in my hand in case I should choose to use it against you."

She was silent for a long time, struggling with herself. He could almost feel the battle that was going on within her. Somehow it appealed him.

She stood before him, looking down. "I have at last obeyed a command imposed by Robert Gwynne when he was on his deathbed. Almost his last words to me were in the nature of a threat."

"Almost his last words to me were in the nature of a threat," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

you that your mother was the only wife he ever had. I have done this tonight. I have humbled myself—but it was after a long, cruel fight."

She sat down, and it seemed to him that her very soul went out in the deep, long sigh that caused her bosom to flatten and her shoulders to droop forward.

"He was either an ingrate or a coward," said he harshly, after a short silence.

"It is not for you to pass judgment on my master," said she, simply. "May I beg you to refrain from putting your own judgment of him into words? Will you not spare me that?"

He stared at her in astonishment. He saw that she was in earnest, desperately in earnest. Choking back the words that had rushed to his lips, he got up from his chair and bent his head gravely.

"Yes, if it is any comfort to you, Rachel Carter," he said, acute pity in his eyes. "I cannot resist saying, however, that you have not spared yourself. It cost you a great deal for you to settle. I shall not forget it."

She arose and with the humility fell away from her. Once more she was the strong, indomitable—even formidable—figure he had come to know so well. Her bosom swelled, her shoulders straightened, and into the deep-set, somber eyes came the unflinching light of determination.

"Then we are done with that," she said quietly. "I have asked no favors save this last one for myself—but it is a greater one than you may think. You know everything now, Kenneth. You have called me Rachel Carter. Was it divination or was it stubborn memory? I wonder. So far as I know, you are the only person left in the world who knows that I was not his wife, the only one who knows that I am still Rachel Carter. No matter what this man Bailey may know, or what he may tell, he—But we are wasting time. Viola must be wondering. Now as to this plan of Barry Lapelle's. I think I can safely assure you that nothing will come of it."

"Then, you know about it before I told you?" he exclaimed.

"No. You brought me word of Jasper Suggs this morning. You said he was staying at Martin Hawk's cabin. You may have forgotten what I said to you at the time. Now you bring me word that Barry Lapelle's plot was hatched at Martin Hawk's. Well, this afternoon I went to the courthouse and swore out a warrant charging Martin Hawk with stealing some of my yearling calves and sheep. That warrant is now in the hands of the sheriff. It will be served before another day is gone."

"That's pretty sharp work," he said, but still a little puzzled. "Naturally it will upset Barry's plans, but Suggs is still to be accounted for. You mentioned something about charging him with murder last night—"

"I guess that can wait till another day," said she, with a smile that he did not quite understand. "It would be rather stupid of me, don't you think, to have him arrested?"

"You said he was not the kind of a man to be taken alive," he remarked, looking at her.

"I think I said something of the kind. The name of Simon Drayley is known from one end of this state to the other. It is a name to conjure with. Every Indian uprising in the past ten years has had Drayley's name connected with it. It was he who led the band of Chippewas twelve years ago when they massacred some fifteen or eighteen women and children in a settlement on White river while their men were off in the fields at work. Isn't it rather significant that the renegade, Simon Drayley, should turn up in these parts at a time when Black Hawk is—"

But that is neither here nor there. My warrant calls for the arrest of Martin Hawk. For more than two years Hawk has been suspected of stealing live stock down on the Wya, but no one has ever been willing to make a specific charge against him. He is very cunning and he has always covered his tracks."

"Do you think he will resist the sheriff? I mean, is there likely to be fighting?"

"It all depends on whether Martin is caught napping," she replied in a quiet, measured way. "By the way, the fact that you said something about charging him with murder last night—"

She was silent for a moment. "I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

stocks for every Indian they slew, and yet there is a gun in my room upstairs that could have two notches on it if I had cared to put them there."

"What time do you start?" he said, the fire of excitement in his eyes. "I insist on being one of the—"

"You will not be needed," she said succinctly. "I think you had better go now. Thank you for coming here tonight, Kenneth."

CHAPTER XV

Lapelle Shows His Teeth.

Kenneth went to bed that night firmly resolved to accompany the sheriff when he set out to arrest Martin Hawk. He was still at cockcrow. The first faint glow of red in the gray east found him at breakfast with Zachariah sleepily serving him with hot corncakes, lean salted meat and coffee.

"Take a peep out of the window and see if anyone is stirring over at Mrs. Gwyn's," he said.

"Pears lak Ah c'n see a lady out in de front yard, suh," said Zachariah, at the window. "Hit's Miss Violy. Pears lak she comin' over here, suh. Leastwise she come out'n de gate kind o' fast-like—gotten a shawl wrap aroun'."

Kenneth waited for no more. He dashed from the house and down to the fence—where stood Viola, pulling at the swollen, water-soaked gate peg. She was bareheaded, her brown hair hanging down her back in long, thick braids. It was apparent at a glance that she had dressed hastily and but partially at that. With one hand she plucked close about her throat the voluminous scarlet shawl of embroidered crepe in which the upper part of her body was wrapped.

Later he was to observe that her shoes were unlaced and had been drawn on over her bare feet. Her eyes were filled with alarm.

"I don't know where mother is," she said, without other greeting. "She is not in the house, Kenny. I am worried almost sick."

He stared at her in dismay. "Oh, blast the luck! She must have—Say, are you sure she's gone?"

"I can't find her anywhere," cried she in distress. "I've been out to the barn and— Why, what alla you, Kenneth?"

"She got away without me knowing it. But maybe it's not too late. I can catch up with them if I hurry. Hey, Zachariah!"

"Then, you know where she is?" cried the girl, grasping his arm as he turned to rush away. "For goodness sake, tell us! Where has she gone?"

"Why, don't you— But of course you don't!" he exclaimed. "You poor girl! You must be almost beside yourself—and here I go making matters worse by—"

"Where is she?" she broke in, all the color going from her face as she shook his arm impatiently.

"Come in the house," he said gently, consolingly. "I'll tell you all I know. There's nothing to be worried about. She will be home, safe and sound, almost before you know it. I will explain while Zachariah is saddling Brandy Boy." He laid his hand upon her shoulder. "Come along—dear."

She held back. "If anything happens to her and you could have—"

He began to her, and she could have—"

"I had no idea she would start at such an unearthly hour. I had made up my mind to go with her, whether or not. Didn't she tell you she had made an affidavit against Martin Hawk?"

"No. The sheriff was up here last night, just after supper, but— Oh, Kenny, what is it all about?"

He wrote stole about her shoulders. She leaned heavily, wearily against him as they walked up the drenched path.

"Have you any idea at all what time she left the house?" he asked.

"I heard her go down the stairs. It was pitch dark, but the clock struck—"

"I heard her go down the stairs," he said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

"I am sure you will use it wisely," she said, with a smile. "I am sure you will use it wisely."

taken her away by mistake, thinking it was me in the darkness."

"Sit down, Viola. I'll light the fire. It's quite chilly and you are shivering like a—"

"I want to know where she has gone," she insisted.

Then he told her briefly as much as he thought she ought to know. She was vastly relieved. She even smiled. "There's no use of your trying to catch up with her. Thank you for lighting the fire, Kenny. If you don't mind, I will sit here a while, and I may go to sleep in this comfortable chair of yours. Goodness, I must look awful. My shawl—"

"Don't touch it! It is beautiful as it is. I wish girls would always wear their hair in braids like that."

She yawned, stretched her legs out to the fire, and then suddenly realizing that her ankles were bare, drew them back again to the shelter of her petticoat with a quick, shy glance to see if he had observed.

"I wish I could cut it off—like a boy's. It is miles too long. You might as well have Zachariah cut it. She has been gone since one o'clock. I am sure I heard the front door close before I dropped off to sleep. Don't forget, Kenny. They've probably got old Martin in the calaboose by this time. Mother never falls when she sets out to do a thing. That good-for-nothing sleepy-head, Hattie, never heard a sound last night. What a conscience she must have!"

He frowned at his big silver watch. "It's after five. See here, Viola, suppose you just curl up on the sofa there and get some sleep. You look tired. I'll put a quilt over you and—"

She half-started up from the chair, flushing in embarrassment.

"Oh, I ought not to—say here, Kenny. Suppose somebody were to come along and catch me here in your—"

"Shucks! You're my sister, aren't you?"

"I suppose it's all right," she said dubiously, sinking back into the chair again. "But somehow, Kenny, I don't believe I will ever be able to think of you as a brother; not if I live a thousand years. I'm sorry to hurt your feelings, but—well, I just can't help being a little bit afraid of you. I suppose it's silly of me, but I'm so ashamed to have you see me with my hair down like this, and no stockings on, and only half-dressed. I—X—feel hot all over. I didn't think of it at first, I was so worried, but now I—"

"It is very silly of you," he said, rather thickly. "You did right in coming over, and I'm going to make you comfortable now that you are here. Lie down here and get some sleep, like a good little girl, and when you wake up Zachariah will have a nice hot breakfast for you."

"I'd rather not lie down," she stammered. "Let me just sit here a while—and don't bother about breakfast for me. He'll wait."

"But he has to get breakfast anyhow," he argued.

She looked at him suspiciously. "Haven't you had your breakfast?"

"No," he lied. Then he hurried off to give glib instructions to Zachariah.

An hour later, Kenneth arose from his seat on the front doorstep and stole over to the sitting-room window.

She was asleep in the big rocking chair, her head twisted limply toward her left shoulder, presenting a three-quarters view of her face to him as he gazed long and ardently upon her. He could see the deep rise and fall of her bosom. The shawl, unclasped at the throat, had fallen away, revealing the white flannel nightgown over which she had hastily drawn a petticoat before sailing forth.

He went to the kitchen door and found Zachariah sitting grumpily on the step.

"She's still sound asleep," he announced.

"So that lazy Hattie over yander," lamented Zachariah, with a jerk of his head. "Ain't no smoke comin' out'n her chimney, lemme tell ya."

"Fill that washpan and get me a clean towel," ordered his master. He looked at his watch. "I'm going to awaken her—in half an hour."

It was nearly seven o'clock when he strolled noisily into the sitting room with towel and basin. He had then suggested his visit to the window, and with each succeeding visit had remained a little longer than the last, until now that the sun was up and the air was clear, he came to the sitting room.

She awoke with a start, looked quickly about as if bewildered by her strange surroundings, and then, finding her usual position empty, she glanced at her watch. She saw that it was nearly eight o'clock, and she placed the towel of soap suds on a chair and dragged the coverlet over her back.

"Breakfast will be ready in ten minutes, miss," he announced, bowing deeply. "If you desire to freshen yourself a bit after your profound slumber, you will find some of the finest water in the universe and a flower water to produce a blush upon the cheek of a graven image."

"Has mother come home?" she inquired anxiously, as she drew the shawl close about her throat again.

"No sign of her. Barry at—up at— as soon as we've had a bite to eat I'll ride down to the courthouse and see if she's there."

He left her, and presently she came out into the kitchen, her skin glowing warmly, her hands loosely crossed over the crown of her head, her eyes the violet stars.

To Be Continued

We do job work as it should be done. Send for estimates. Citizen Print Shop.



WANT COLUMN

Twenty-five words or less, one week, 25 cents; second week, 15 cents; each additional week, 10 cents.
Each word more than 25: One week, 1 cent and each additional week, 1/2 cent.

Published Weekly.
STURGEON E. ARBOTT,
Bethel, Me.
R. F. D. 1, Bethel, Me.

12-14

FOR SALE—A pair of horses weighing about 1100 pounds. Inquire at the Citizen Office, Bethel, Maine.

FOR SALE—A six-room house, with stable and five acres of land. House is furnace heated, electric lights, bath room, hot and cold water. About five minutes walk from post office. All in good condition. Inquire at the Citizen Office, Bethel, Me.

LOST—A pocketbook containing quite a sum of money. Finder please return to Citizen Office and receive reward.

WANTED—A kitchen woman at Maple Inn.

FOUND—A pair of snowshoes. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Inquire of H. P. ARBOTT, Bethel.

Give my new 1923 Paper Books. Catalog Duplex from 12c to a single roll. Best News Paper ranging from 7 1/2c to 15c.

Crope Paper, 35c.
The Paper, 10c to 11.25.
Tapestry from 30c to \$1.25 single roll.

Radio and Polyphone Records, also paper hanging, painting, plaster or oil. Small jobs covered. Plaster patching. Estimates free. Call or telephone H. H. BROWN, Bethel, Me.

FOR SALE—A square piano, Chickering, excellent tone, in good condition. Inquire at the Citizen Office, Bethel, Maine.

FOUND—A bunch of keys. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Call at the Citizen Office, Bethel.

THE OXFORD COUNTY CITIZEN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY D. M. FORBES
BETHEL, MAINE

Entered as second class matter, May 7, 1922, at the post office at Bethel, Maine.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1924.

SUNDAY REVIEW

Mrs. Chapin has two times having for Bryant.

Olson brothers attended the carnival at Bethel, Friday and won two prizes.

Mrs. Harry Williamson was in Bethel, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Crosby, who have been spending two weeks at their farm near, returned to their home in Arling, Mass., Tuesday.

J. A. Bryant visited at J. W. Reynolds, Tuesday.

H. M. Kendall is a little better at this writing.

Ray Bennett and family spent the week end with his parents on Bear River.

LOCKE'S MILLS

Leaves: Tablets were out of town on business Tuesday.

Mrs. R. C. Davis of Bryant's Pond visited her son, Owen, and family Friday.

Miss Mae Norton is in Portland visiting relatives for a few days.

Mr. Warren Churchill of Mechanic Falls was a week end guest of his daughter, Mrs. Donald Tobitt.

N. P. Roy of Norway was in town, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Cummings of Portland were week end guests of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Odo.

Charles Noyes of the U. of M. was a Sunday guest of his aunt, Mrs. W. W. Lundberg.

Mr. Phelps is very sick at this writing.

LOCKE'S MILLS CHURCH

Choir: R. Oliver, Pastor

Worship Sunday afternoon from 2:30 to 3:30.

Sunday School before the worship from 10:00 to 11:00.

Children's service at 3 o'clock. (Guest Who Series) begins first Sunday in March.

MAINE WEEKLY INDUSTRIAL REVIEW

Knightsbridge—\$125,000 contract let for construction of addition to plant of Consolidated Paper & Light Company.

Portland—Metal rectifier corporation of Providence, R. I., buys Falmouth Metal, improvements to be made.

Augusta—Capital Paper Corporation's plant begins operation with 200 men.

Bangor—Bangor & Ansonia Mill such plant to spend \$331,127 for improvements in 1924.

Portland—Maine Central Railroad orders for 2 locomotives, 9 steel passenger cars, 4 steel baggage and mail cars, 150 gondolas and 200 steel box cars.

Portland—Local building permits for month of January totaled \$367,110.

Tenno largest crane in the United States spent \$200,000 for schools in 1923.

South Portland—Home facing of draw bridge connecting this city and Portland under consideration.

Portland—Construction of new central heating plant in business section planned.

BACK GIVES OUT

Plenty of Bethel Readers Have This Experience.

You tax the kidneys—overwork them. They can't keep up the continual strain.

The back may give out—it may ache and pain; Urinary troubles may set in. Don't wait longer—take Doan's Pills.

Bethel people tell you how they act. Ask your neighbor! J. Littlefield, prop. auto service, Main St., Bethel, says: "Some years ago my kidneys were out of order. I had been overworking at the time and was feeling weak and my back was painful, especially mornings. I was dizzy head, and when I stooped, black specks appeared before my eyes. My kidneys were in bad shape. A friend suggested Doan's Pills so I began using them and soon they cured me up in good shape. I have never had any return of the trouble and recommend Doan's Pills to anyone in need of a good kidney medicine."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Pills—the same that Mr. Littlefield had. Foster-McMillan Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHURCH ACTIVITIES

CHRISTIAN REFORM CHURCH

Spring Street

Sunday School at 10:00 A. M.

Sunday services at 10:45 A. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH

Walter W. Wolfe, Minister

Church Calendar, March 2:

10:45 A. M. Devotional service. Sermon topic, "The Trivial," and "The Other."

12:00 Noon: Sunday School. Adult Bible Class conducted by the minister.

Topic, "The Vision of Samuel." If you believe in progress, even in religion, and not in dark-age theology or primitive superstition, you should join this class of earnest inquirers after the truth.

7:15 P. M. Regular devotional meeting to the Y. P. C. U. The minister will give a talk. Topic, "My Experiences in the Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania." A social hour will follow.

March 6: The ladies of the Circle will meet at the home of Mrs. Maude Farwell on Railroad Street.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

S. T. Acknowled, Minister

Sunday, March 3:

10:15: Worship, the pastor conducting.

12:00: Church School.

7:15: Christian Endeavor prayer meeting. Topic, "What Jesus said about happiness." Leaders, Ann Mangrove, Collista Curtis, Edward Carlson.

METHODIST CHURCH

Choir: R. Oliver, Pastor

10:15: Sunday morning worship. Anthem by the congregation, "Onward Christian Soldiers."

12:00: The Church School.

6:00: Business meeting of Epworth League.

6:30: Devotional topic, "Methodism in the World." Myrtle Wilson.

7:00 o'clock: Reading contest continues.

7:30: Evening worship. Special prepared speakers on The Local Church at the Center.

Thursday evening, Feb. 28: Trustees meeting at 7:30, church vestry.

Tuesday evening, Mar. 4: Worship at 7:15. Official Board at 8:00.

LOCKE'S MILLS CHURCH

Choir: R. Oliver, Pastor

Worship Sunday afternoon from 2:30 to 3:30.

Sunday School before the worship from 10:00 to 11:00.

Children's service at 3 o'clock. (Guest Who Series) begins first Sunday in March.

MAINE WEEKLY INDUSTRIAL REVIEW

Knightsbridge—\$125,000 contract let for construction of addition to plant of Consolidated Paper & Light Company.

Portland—Metal rectifier corporation of Providence, R. I., buys Falmouth Metal, improvements to be made.

Augusta—Capital Paper Corporation's plant begins operation with 200 men.

Bangor—Bangor & Ansonia Mill such plant to spend \$331,127 for improvements in 1924.

Portland—Maine Central Railroad orders for 2 locomotives, 9 steel passenger cars, 4 steel baggage and mail cars, 150 gondolas and 200 steel box cars.

Portland—Local building permits for month of January totaled \$367,110.

Tenno largest crane in the United States spent \$200,000 for schools in 1923.

South Portland—Home facing of draw bridge connecting this city and Portland under consideration.

Portland—Construction of new central heating plant in business section planned.

WARRANT FOR TOWN MEETING, 1924

To D. M. Forbes, a citizen of the Town of Bethel, in the County of Oxford.

GREETING.—In the name of the State of Maine you are hereby requested to notify and warn the inhabitants of the Town of Bethel, qualified to vote in town affairs, to meet at Odeon Hall, in said Town, on Monday, the third day of March, 1924, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:

- Art. 1. To choose a Moderator to preside at said meeting.
- Art. 2. To choose a Town Clerk for the ensuing year.
- Art. 3. To hear and act on the report of the several town officers.
- Art. 4. To choose Selectmen for the ensuing year.
- Art. 5. To choose Assessors for the ensuing year.
- Art. 6. To choose a Treasurer for the ensuing year.
- Art. 7. To choose one member of the School Committee for the ensuing year.
- Art. 8. To choose the method of collecting taxes for the ensuing year.
- Art. 9. To choose a Tax Collector for year 1924.
- Art. 10. To choose a Road Commissioner for the ensuing year.
- Art. 11. To establish the price the Road Commissioner shall receive for his services.
- Art. 12. To choose an Auditor for the year 1924.
- Art. 13. To choose all other necessary Town Officers.
- Art. 14. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for support of common schools for ensuing year.
- Art. 15. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the purpose of paying tuition in secondary schools and overexpenditure.
- Art. 16. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the purchase of text-books for the ensuing year.
- Art. 17. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the repair of schoolhouses for the year 1924, and overexpenditure.
- Art. 18. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for school supplies for ensuing year.
- Art. 19. To see if the town will vote to authorize the Superintending School Committee to maintain schools in the North Bethel and Northwest Bethel districts.
- Art. 20. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the repair of roads and bridges for the ensuing year.
- Art. 21. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for winter roads and overexpenditure for the winter of 1924.
- Art. 22. To see if the town will vote "yes" or "no" on the question of appropriating and raising money necessary to entitle the town to State-aid as provided in Section 20 of Chapter 130, Public Laws of 1913.
- Art. 23. To see if the town will vote and raise \$666.00 for the improvement of the section of State-aid road as outlined in the report of the State Highway Commission, in addition to the amount regularly raised for care of highways.
- Art. 24. To see if the town will vote and raise money, and what sum, for the maintenance and patrol of State and State-aid highways during the ensuing year under the provisions of Section 9, Chapter 130, Public Laws of 1913.
- Art. 25. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$400.00, the same to be spent in conjunction with \$1,000 appropriated by State and \$300.00 by County Commissioners, for repairing Bethel's portion of road near Milton Plantation.
- Art. 26. To see if the town will vote to buy a light auto truck to be used by the Road Commissioner in transporting men and tools, for road work, and raise money for same.
- Art. 27. To see if the town at the present time cares to act in conjunction with the State and County in the building of 2 or more cement bridges, one at Alder River on State road, the other at Mill Brook on West Bethel road, and if so, how shall such construction be financed.
- Art. 28. To see if the town will accept the street leading from Chapman Street in an easterly direction, some 500 feet in length, toward Vernon Street. [No land damage.]
- Art. 29. To see if the town will vote and raise money to build a sewer line from the Springer mill property to Androscoggin River.
- Art. 30. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for support of poor for ensuing year.
- Art. 31. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for town officers for year 1924.
- Art. 32. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for paying town debt and interest.
- Art. 33. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for the observance of Memorial Day, said money to be expended by Brown Port, G. A. R.
- Art. 34. To see if the town will vote and raise money to pay Collector's bond for ensuing year.
- Art. 35. To see if the town will vote and raise money to pay for Treasurer's bond for 1924.
- Art. 36. To see if the town will authorize the town to hire money if necessary to pay outstanding bills.
- Art. 37. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$400.00 to procure from the Bethel Library Association the free use of the books during the coming year for all the inhabitants of the town under such restrictions and regulations as shall insure the safety and good usage of the books.
- Art. 38. To see if the town will authorize the Moderator to appoint a committee of 12 to be known as the Budget Committee.
- Art. 39. To see if the town will accept the jury list as made by the Selectmen and Town Clerk.
- Art. 40. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$225.00, the same being the town's portion of rent of Hall, room and leaders for Company of National Guard, to comply with Public Laws, Chapter 13, Sections 93-94 inclusive.
- Art. 41. To see what sum of money the town will vote and raise for miscellaneous expenses.

Art. 42. To see if the town will vote and raise the sum of \$500.00 for widening and repairing Bethel's part of the Sunday River road at the narrow curves. [This article comes by petition from Bethel and Newry voters].

Any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

Hereof, fail not, and have you there this warrant with your doings thereon.

Given under our hands the 10th day of February, A. D. 1924.

FRANK A. BROWN,
W. H. THURSTON,
F. B. HOWE,

Selectmen of the Town of Bethel.

The Selectmen will be in their office on Saturday the first day of March for the purpose of conducting the list of voters of the town and hearing and deciding cases of applicants desiring the right to have their names on the voting list.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT

(Continued from page 1)

gain the main traveled part of the road veered to the opposite side, and it was not until he had regained the highway that he realized any damage had been done.

The case occupied some two days in the trial and was given to the jury at about 11:30 Thursday forenoon.

The plaintiffs won in the Hartford-Western Maine Power Company case, and the damage awarded to both parties amounted to \$6,399.

Cases came into court last week as animals went into the ark—two by two.

Another set of twin cases was introduced Thursday afternoon with the plaintiff and defendant the same in both and both related to twin actions of the same nature. The plaintiff in both cases was Frank Vetquosky of Bethel, Me.

It seems that Dr. Twaddle owns a farm, or piece of land adjoining the Vetquosky farm, and during the summer season uses it to pasture horses which he does not use during that season—at least he so used the land during the summers of 1918 and 1919. During both years the horses frequently escaped from their enclosure and got into the fields of Mr. Vetquosky, doing great damage to his crops. During these years he claimed he had some forty acres under cultivation through which the horses ran. At the end of the last season Mr. Vetquosky captured the horses and put them in his barn and would not let them go unless the damage done by them was paid for. Dr. Twaddle says the damage asked at that time was \$200, which he considered as excessive. The plaintiff says he claimed a much larger damage. Dr. Twaddle repudiated his horses and this trial is the result.

In the writs for these cases the amount of damage claimed was \$1092.50 for the year 1918 and \$142.50 for the year 1919. The defendant acknowledges trespass and damage, but thought the amount excessive. The case was simply one of damage.

W. G. Conary appeared for Vetquosky and H. H. Hastings for Twaddle.

Judge Philbrook in his charge said the shortest case ever made by any presiding justice was uttered by an Ontario judge. Because of its brevity it became noted like a particular verse in the New Testament. It consisted of two words, "How much?"

Judge Philbrook said he was going to adopt this plea for his own. This was a question of damage, and the only controversy was the amount.

The damage in the Vetquosky case was adjudged \$482.45.

On Thursday afternoon at a late hour the case of Leslie L. Day vs. Harry B. Pratt was put on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

This was an auto collision case and two lawyers appeared for either side, Walter P. Perkins of Cornish and Fred R. Dyer of Portland for the plaintiff, and R. K. Hatchelder of Kenner Falls and Alton C. Wheeler of South Paris for the defendant.

It seems that on a certain day last summer in the town of Porter, a three and one half ton truck, owned by Harry B. Pratt, was on and jury selected. It was understood that this was the last jury trial of the term, and the remaining jurors, who had not been selected on this panel, were discharged.

DIVORCES

The following divorces were decreed at the February term of court:

Emma L. Boutelle from Guy C. Boutelle, adultery.

Bessie A. Hayden from Henry W. Hayden, extreme cruelty.

Mary N. Harriman from Seth B. Harriman, extreme cruelty.

Mildred B. Merrill from Nathan B. Merrill, cruel and abusive treatment.

Harold M. Weeks from Mabel F. Weeks, desertion.

Cassie Hazel Myers from Charles Albert Myers, cruel and abusive treatment.

Ada R. Howard from Fred L. Howard, utter desertion.

Jennie S. Harriman from Elton Harriman, utter desertion.

Gloria D. Jackson from Juverna J. Jackson, cruel and abusive treatment.

Morris S. Seavey from Rena M. Seavey, cruel and abusive treatment.

Lydia Myrtle Hutchins from Herbert Hazen Hutchins, cruel and abusive treatment.

Evangelina Mills from Charles L. Mills, neglect to provide maintenance.

Harriet Amoretta from Joseph Amoretta, extreme cruelty.

Nellie C. Martin from Charles H. Martin, utter desertion.

Hazel E. Morse from Raymond M. Morse, utter desertion.

Thelma Drattor from Michael Drattor, refusing to provide maintenance.

ESTIMATED WEALTH OF THE STATE OF MAINE

The Department of Commerce announced, for the State of Maine its preliminary estimate of the value, December 31, 1922, of the principal forms of wealth, the total amounting to \$2,066,531,000, as compared with \$1,002,900,000 in 1912, an increase of 106.1 per cent.

Per capita values increase from \$1,332 to \$2,586, or 94.1 per cent.

All classes of property increased in value from 1912 to 1922. The estimated value of taxed real property and improvements increased from \$416,631,000 to \$497,231,000, or 19.7 per cent; exempt real property (exclusive of Lafayette National Park) from \$39,228,000 to \$87,725,000, or 123.6 per cent; live stock from \$33,745,000 to \$32,987,000 or 87 per cent; farm implements and machinery from \$15,638,000 to \$20,830,000 or 33.3 per cent; manufacturing machinery, tools, and implements from 109,941,000 to \$148,509,000 or 44.2 per cent; and railroads and their equipment from \$97,342,000 to \$119,253,000 or 22.6 per cent. Privately owned transportation and transmission enterprises, other than railroads, increased in value from \$77,912,000 to \$96,271,000 or 23.7 per cent; and stocks of goods, vehicles other than motor, furniture, and clothing from \$223,335,000 to \$233,624,000 or 4.6 per cent.

No